THE
South-Carolina GAZETTE.
[NUMB. 1747.]
THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1769.

New Advertisements.

In COUNCIL, 13th MARCH, 1769.

IT having appeared to his Excellency, and the Board, that *John Savage*, of Ninety-Six, *Benjamin Farrar*, and *Barnabas Arthur*, Esqrs. Justices of the Peace for this Province, had been instrumental in fomenting and increasing the Disorders that prevailed among the People who stiled themselves REGULATORS, in the Back Country: His Excellency, by the Advice of the Council, was pleased to strike their Names out of the Commission of the Peace; and also, to deprive the said *John Savage* of his Commission as Major of the Militia at Ninety-Six.

WILSON, CORAM, WAYNE, & Co.

Have just imported, in the Sbip Dolphin, *Captain* Simblett, *from* LONDON:

A compleat Assortment of GOODS:

WHICH they will sell CHEAP, for *cash* or *short credit*, at their store the North corner of Broad-street on the Bay.

N. B. A few hogsheads of SEED OATS.

For LONDON,

(To sail by the beginning of April.)

THE SHIP DOLPHIN,

HENRY SIMBLETT, Master.

(Having best Part of her Cargo engaged.)

FOR Freight or Passage, apply to said Master or WILSON, CORAM, WAYNE, & Comp.

TO BE SOLD, for no Fault,

(The Owner having no further Occasion for him.)

A Likely, young NEGRO FELLOW, between 18 and 19 years of age, who is a very good Waiting-man.—Inquire at the Printing Office in Broad street.

For LONDON,

THE SHIP CONSTANT FRIEND,

THOMAS ALCOCK, Master.

(A new, handy, and fast-sailing Vessel)

BURTHEN about 650 Barrels of Rice.—For Freight or Passage, having good Accommodations, apply to said Master, at Ravin's Wharf, or to MANSELL, CORBETT, & ROBERTS.

TO BE SOLD, by public Vendue,

On Thursday the 6th day of April next: The remaining part of both the real and personal estate of the late Mr. George Bacon, *viz.*

A Piece of LAND, situate on a Wharf commonly called Mrs. *Gibbes's*, with a new work-shop lately erected on the same, measuring from East to West 75 feet of assize, and in breadth from North to South 26 feet of assize: Also five valuable SLAVES, by trade coopers. The condition will be made known on the day of sale, by SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Comp.

TO BE SOLD, at public Vendue,

To the highest bidder, at Mr. Flynn's, *in* George-Town, *on TUESDAY the 3d day of April next:*

A TRACT OF LAND on Waccamaw Neck (otherwise called All-Saints parish) containing 990 acres, butting and bounding to the Eastward on the Sea Marsh, and to the Westward on Waccamaw-river, only two miles above the land that John McKenzie, Esq; lately purchased upon the same neck. The said land is exceedingly productive of corn, rice, indico, lumber, naval stores, &c. and very contiguous to oysters for making lime, and to a landing on the river. There are two commodious dwelling-houses on the said land, together with out-houses; there is 160 acres of good indico land, under good fence. ALSO,

One other tract, containing 60 acres, an island, beautifully situated in the middle of Waccamaw river, opposite to the above-mentioned tract. The whole of said island is good river swamp.

Twelve months credit will be given, paying interest, and giving approved security, if required.

NATHANIEL DWIGHT.
JOHN DWIGHT.
SAMUEL DWIGHT.

ANY person having a quantity of RED PEASE, that can be delivered in Charles Town, within three weeks, may find a purchaser for Two Thousand Bushels, by applying to THOMAS BUCKLE.

Charles Town, March 13th. 1769.

ALL persons indebted to me, either by bond, note, or book debt, are desired to discharge the same immediately:—And those to whom I am in any wise indebted, are desired to call and receive payment, from

ELIZABETH PERONNEAU, senior.

Who hereby forbids all persons whatsoever, from giving credit to any person in her name, without a line from her.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN,

IS framing a very long WHARF or KEY, at the North End of the Town, between 8 and 900 Feet in Length (from North to South) on the River, at the End whereof any Ship that comes over the Bar may lie, from one End to the other, fully loaded, and hawl off at any Time of Tide; and will be much obliged to Gentlemen *any Way concerned in Vessels*, for their BALLAST, delivered at said Wharf, where there is every necessary Convenience for discharging with the greatest Dispatch.

N. B. Ten or a Dozen large Vessels can be discharged together, very readily and conveniently.

LONDON, DECEMBER 5.

HE hear that a Doctor, celebrated for Botany and new medicines, has once more declared war against the Royal Society, who lately rejected him when proposed to be a member: the numbers on this occasion were, 72 against him, and 14 for him; and it is the second time he has met with this treatment from them.—Great merit always excites much envy, to which this transcendant genius has often been a sacrifice: for, besides being rejected by the Royal Society, he has been three times served in the same manner by the Society of Arts. But he has wreaked his vengeance on both by the scourge of his satyrical pen, in several pieces replete with wit and humour.

December 7. On Monday Mr. Bingley, Bookseller, was by writ of Habeas Corpus brought before Sir John Yates, at his house in Bedford row, where, on entering into two different recognizances for his appearance only, on the first day of next term, in the court of King's-Bench, he was discharged.

December 21. Various and even contradictory reports are spread about concerning the motives and designs of a certain popular gentleman in some late proceedings; but those who pretend to be most in the secret, say, that a new scene will soon be opened, and matters of a very extraordinary nature disclosed to the public eye.

December 22. According to recent letters from Berlin, his Prussian Majesty is on the point of concluding a treaty with the court of Peterburgh to their mutual advantage.

December 27. It is said that when her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales accompanies their Majesties next summer to Hanover, she will retire to Zell, which place her Royal Highness proposes to make her future residence, and will not return again to England.

December 29. We are informed that a school will be built next spring near Pimlico, under the patronage of a great personage, for the cloathing and educating of youth belonging to the horse and foot guards.

December 30. It is said, that the Duke of Marlborough will succeed Lord Viscount Townshend as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

December 31. Yesterday several members of a very numerous society, called the Lumber-Troop, were sent to Mr. Wilkes to invite him to become a member of that body, which he politely accepted, and was admitted with the usual formalities. They offered him, in the name of the troop, of their interest in favour of his election for Alderman of Farringdon Ward Without. It is observable, that in city elections of every kind, the party espoused by this society always succeeds.

January 2. A letter has been lately received from Venice, which mentions, that Lord Bute was lately seen there, that he lived much retired, with few attendants, and was judged in so ill a state, as never to be able to return to England again.

January 3. A morning paper says, the following card was sent to an eminent banker in ——street: "*Lord* ——'s *most respectful compliments to Mr.* ——, *and begs the favour of him to exert his utmost influence to prevent Mr. Wilkes's being elected an Alderman.*"

'Tis now said that a certain popular gentleman's interest in a certain assembly increases daily.

January 4. When the officers of the ancient Lumber Troop waited on Mr. Wilkes, to accept the honour of his becoming one of their comrades, the Colonel, on his investing him (being one of their ceremonies) with a star and ribband, very politely informed him, it was a faint emblem of what true merit was sometimes rewarded with in reality: Mr. Wilkes's answer was, that he received it with the utmost pleasure and satisfaction, being conferred on him by the hands of citizens; but never would accept an honour of that nature from any whatsoever.

It is very remarkable, that on calling up the roll or list of comrades belonging to the said troop, that the number, with the name of Mr. Wilkes, amounted to three thousand eight hundred and *forty-five*.

The present Lord Mayor becomes every day more and more a favourite of the public: on Monday, when his Lordship left St. Bride's church, hundreds of people gathered round the state coach, huzzaing for Mr. Wilkes; on which his Lordship waved his hat, which produced an universal shout of *Wilkes and Turner for ever!*

January 5. They write from St. Petersburgh, that her Imperial Majesty had given orders for several vessels of war to be built at Astrakan, and other towns on the river Wolga.

They write from Copenhagen, that a camp is to be form'd in the neighbourhood of that city early in the spring.

A correspondent at Bath informs us, that an officer there took an opportunity lately in the hearing of a lady pretty nearly related to Mr. Wilkes, to speak of that gentleman in a disrespectful virulent manner, and concluded with saying, "D—— him, I wish I had his head." To which the lady replied, with a very significant emphasis, "I wish, Sir, you had but *half* his head." What do you mean by that, Madam, returned the officer?—"Because (replied the lady) "you would not then Sir, have rendered yourself so ridiculous as to calumniate an absent man, who notwithstanding the aspersions you have scandalously thrown out against him, is greatly above being guilty of so mean, so unmanly an act."

January 6. The last new conundrum among the town wits is, "Why is Mr. Wilkes like good steel?" Answer, "Because he grows sharper by whetting."

January 7. Notwithstanding the general opinion, that the Bloomsbury connection are in direct opposition to Mr. W—s; and notwithstanding a vehement declaration made against him by one of the party, Mr. R——, one of their principals, had (not a month ago) a two hours conference with the Patriot.

It is said, that the *favourite* has certainly sold out of the stocks, and vested the money in foreign funds; that he is at this time at Rome; has travelled thither *incognito*; and caused his *credit* to be sent thither *under another name*.

Yesterday an express arrived at St. James's from the court of France.

They write from Leghorn, that a Corsican rebel had just taken a French transport named La Mirux, of 400 tons, laden with ammunition and stores from Toulon to Bastia, and carried her into Centuri.

This day the common-councilmen of Farringdon Ward without, went, by invitation from Mr. Wilkes, to dine with him in the King's Bench prison, on account of his being chosen Alderman of the above ward. Some of the Aldermen were expected to be present.

LONDON, JANUARY 15.

Account of the present critical Posture of Affairs in Sweden.

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, December 20.

"On the 15th the Court was more numerous and brilliant than it had been for a long time; and the next day they began to make dispositions for holding the approaching extraordinary diet.

"The 16th the Senator Ribbing ordered a declaration to be inserted in the Register of the Senate, which is said to have been drawn up by Bishop Serenius, but the contents of it are not yet known.

"The same day the college of the Chamber, with those of the Mines, War and Revision, went to court and addressed the King in a discourse suitable to the present conjuncture.

"The 17th the same colleges, with each a President at their head, and attended by their Secretaries, went in procession to deliver their declarations to the Senate. On going from thence they repaired to an audience of the King, to whom they notified their having come to a resolution of suspending the exercise of affairs belonging to their respective departments. Afterwards the Magistracy, the Tribunal of Court, the Office of State, with the Colleges of Chancery and Commerce, had in like manner an audience of his Majesty, whom they thanked for the notification he had made them by the Prince Royal.

"The same day the Senate sent orders to General Fersen and Ehrenf-

ward, to double in all places the guards: they commanded likewise the Office of State to grant double pay to the troops of the garison; but neither those three officers, nor the college, paid any respect to the order, giving, as a reason, the step the King had taken of *laying down the government*.

"The same day likewise the Prince Royal went to the Chancellery, to read there the order given by the King. Immediately after the breaking up of this assembly, an express was sent to the Archbishop of Upsal, to inform him of the vacancy of the throne. The 18th, being Sunday, every thing was quiet; but how long matters may remain in this situation, Heaven only knows."

January 13. Several private councils have lately been held, on account of the approaching war between the Turks and Russians, and several dispatches have lately been sent to Lord Cathcart, his Majesty's minister at the Russian court on the occasion.

A letter from Ratisbon, dated Dec. 25, says, M. de Smolin, the Empress of Russia's minister at this diet, when informing the ambassadors and envoys of the declaration addressed to the different powers by his court, on account of the proceedings of the Ottoman Porte, added, that thereby the Empress his Sovereign was desirous of communicating to all Europe, as well as to the States of the Germanick Body, so unexpected an event, prepared within four months by intrigation; that she doubted not but the conduct of the disturbers of the general repose would excite a just discontent; and that the said powers would unite their wishes with hers for the happy success of her arms against taking the declared enemy of the Christian name."

The troops of Silesia, now on their march to join the Russians, are the most experienced of all the King's army; the young regiments being all drawn towards Berlin, in order to form the most respectable army his Prussian Majesty ever had on foot. Considering the amazing respect paid to the ambassador of the Ottoman Porte at the court of Berlin about six years ago, our Politicians wonder at this monarch's taking arms against the Turks.

Several young noblemen, particularly Lord Spencer Hamilton, brother to the late Duke, and uncle to the present, intend to go as Volunteers in the allied army against the Infidels, it being the best school of fame, as the late Lord Crawford, Col. M'Guire, and several others, found in the late war against the same enemy.

We hear that his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland will sail again to the Mediterranean early in the spring, in the Venus frigate, of which his Royal Highness is commander; and the several men of war destined for that station, are fitting out for sea.

We are credibly informed, that in the course of the present session, some further steps will be taken to reduce the national debt; several plans have already been drawn up, and presented to the ministry for that purpose.

We hear that the company, to which the Patriot belongs, have raised a subscription of an hundred pounds, in order that a whole length picture of their brother may be put up in their hall: the painter is said to be either Reynolds, Ramsey, or Cotes.

It is confidently reported, that all the islands in the West-Indies, and all the provinces on the American continent, intend to follow the example of the island of St. Christopher, and make a handsome present to John Wilkes, Esquire.

We are informed it has been proposed to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, to augment the number of Custom-house and Excise officers in the port of London, to do duty on board coasters and colliers, from the neglect of which, the revenue sustains annually a considerable loss.

January 14. Yesterday there was a levee at St. James's, and afterwards there was a privy council, at which most of the great officers of state assisted.

It is reported, as an actual fact, that in the West-India islands, and a part of America, the sum of 90001. has been raised by subscription, as a present to Mr. Wilkes, "to enable him the better to support his independency."

We hear, a hundred gentlemen have actually entered into a subscription of twelve guineas each, to be renewed annually for the benefit of a certain *illustrious* patriot.

We hear, that on Tuesday the 24th inst. Mr. Wilkes will go in a public manner to attend the worshipful Court of Aldermen of this city, in order to take the oaths to qualify him as a member of that honourable court; and will afterwards dine with the right honourable the Lord Mayor, &c.

We hear from Ledbury, in Herefordshire, that on Thursday last was rang there the compleat peal of grandsire triples, being 5040 changes, by a company of natives.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU, *Captain-General, Governor, and Commander in Chief, in and over the said Province, and Vice-Admiral of the same.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the ASSEMBLY of this Province, at present is summoned to meet on TUESDAY the *Twenty-first* Day of *March*, instant; and I judge it expedient for his Majesty's Service, that the same should be prorogued to a future Day: I DO THEREFORE issue this my Proclamation, proroguing the same, and the Assembly is hereby accordingly prorogued 'till MONDAY the *Third* Day of *April* next; of which all Persons concerned, are desired to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and the Great Seal of the said Province, at Charles-Town, this 14th Day of March, Anno Domini. 1769, *and in the Ninth Year of his Majesty's Reign.*

C. G. MONTAGU.

By his Excellency's Command,
GEORGE MURRAY, *pro. Sec.*

GOD SAVE THE KING.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN,

Wants to hire, for Six Months:

TWELVE strong able-bodied COUNTRY NEGROES, who can handle the Spade very dextrously, and can be recommended as quiet and orderly Fellows; for whom he will allow very good Wages.

N. B. He will find them in Tools and Provisions.

He also wants THREE HUNDRED Cords of PINE WOOD, to be delivered at his Wharf, as soon as possible.

From the London Chronicle, *Jan.* 5.

The DISPUTE *adjusted.*

Animadverſions upon Thoughts on Government, as they relate to the Diſputes about American Colonies.

THE Author of a late publication, entitled, *Thoughts on the origin and nature of Government &c.* appears to be egregiouſly miſtaken in his firſt idea of the diſputes between Great-Britain and her Colonies. For he begins his pamphlet with ſaying,—"the queſtion "whether the legiſlative power of Great-Britain has a right to tax its "American Colonies? is a queſtion of all others the moſt important. "Thoſe who compare it to that which was diſcuſſed at the Revolution, "do not ſufficient juſtice to its importance; for it is not concerning "the forms of our conſtitution, or the ſhare which this or that man, "or this or that family ſhould have in the ſupreme Government; but "*whether there ſhould be any ſupreme government at all?*"

Now this is far from being a true ſtating of the caſe, it has no foundation in the moſt explicit and expreſs claims made by the Americans. In all their addreſſes, they avow a ſubjection to the Britiſh government; and by no means, deſire to throw off their allegiance or dependance on Great Britain. All they aſk, is, to have their charter-rights and privileges unabjured, which they have long enjoyed; and to have an equal ſhare of liberty with the moſt loyal Britiſh ſubjects. In this, they have with them the law of reaſon, truth, and equity; which they have made conſpicuous, in their very nervous and pathetic pleadings with the Britiſh adminiſtration.

Among the many defences of their juſt claims, there are two home publications, that contain unanſwerable arguments in favour of the colonies, viz. *An inquiry into the nature and cauſes of the preſent diſputes between the Britiſh Colonies in America and the mother country*—And, *The caſe of Great Britain and America, addreſſed to the King and both houſes of Parliament.* In the latter is clearly ſhewn, "that the Colonies of every "popular, moral, and free government, preſerving their duty, have "a right to be free;—and that if our dominion over Americans be "founded only in *our* ſtrength, it will ſubſiſt *no* longer than *their* "weakneſs. It is therefore evident, that we ſhall hold America by a "better ſecurity, if we do not enſlave it.——Nor is it by any means "certain, that even our preſent emoluments would be leſs, if we "extort nothing from them againſt their own conſent; for even in the "laſt war they incurred a debt of 8,600,000l.—Without aſſuming a "deſpotic authority over them, which is intolerable to human nature, "we may yet retain a power amazingly extenſive.—A power over the "commerce of a nation, affects the merchant, the landholder, the "manufacturer. Though we cannot *dive* into their purſes, to weſt "from them, what they have already acquired, we can prevent their "future acquiſitions. Nay, we can do more; we can make what "they poſſeſs already leſs valuable by its ſtagnation. Though the "power of granting belongs ſolely to themſelves, they will yet have "but little to refuſe. Let this content us, that the ſea, the common "benefit of mankind, may be denied them, that the labour of their "hands, the ſtrength and the ingenuity which nature has beſtowed "upon them, ſhall be converted to our purpoſes: but for our own "ſakes, let us not diſcourage that induſtry which is to benefit our"ſelves; what we permit them to acquire, let that be their own."

Thus is the queſtion fairly and fully ſtated, as it relates to the diſpute between Great-Britain and her colonies. But as the Author of the "Thoughts on Government" has made the repreſentation, it has all the ſtrong features of falſehood upon it; and notwithſtanding his reproachful freedom taken with that brave people, the coloniſts of America have been incapable of any conſpiracy with one King or another, in order to obtain a diſpenſation from the laws of the land, or the authority of Parliament; but, on the contrary, have made it appear they have both better read and underſtood *Algernon Sydney* and *Locke* on Government, and have infinitely more juſt notions of it than the Author of the Thoughts ever had.

To ſpeak my mind with the freedom of a Proteſtant Britон, the taxation ſcheme, and the coercive meaſures with Americans, I fear may prove a ſcheme, which can ſerve no purpoſes but thoſe of ſhaking the pillars of a Proteſtant ſyſtem, and of giving the enemies of Britain every advantage over us. Aſſured I am, that by the ordinances made for the province of Quebec, 1764, under G—— M——y, much more indulgence is given to the Canadians—for even in eſtabliſhing Courts of Judicature, the Judges in the Court of King's Bench have a latitude given them beyond what *the laws of England* require.—this being the expreſs conceſſion which gives them an authority paramount to thoſe laws—"the Judges in this Court are to determine agreeable "to equity, having regard nevertheleſs to the laws of England, *as for "as the circumſtances and preſent ſituation of things will admit*, until "ſuch time as proper ordinances for the information of the people can "be eſtabliſhed by the Governor and Council, agreeable to the laws "of England."—Here is an open conceſſion made in favour of Canadians, but then, they are Papiſts—how unfortunate for N. E. it cannot plead—the merit of equal indulgence from their *circumſtances and preſent ſituation!*

I am, your's, &c.

No Scotch Jacobite.

From the Georgia Gazette, March 1.

A PARODY on SHAKESPEAR.

BE taxt, or not be taxt, that is the queſtion:
Whether 'tis nobler in our minds to ſuffer
The ſlights and cunning of deceitful ſtateſmen,
Or to petition 'gainſt illegal taxes,
And by oppoſing end them?———
To live, to act, no more, and faſt aſleep,
To ſay we end Aſſemblies, and the thouſand
Liberties that Engliſhmen are heirs to,
'Tis a determination directly to be cruſh'd;
To live, to act, perchance to be all SLAVES,
Aye, there's the rub———
For in that tax of——what ſlavery may come,
When HAVE and GIVE is no more call'd our right,
Muſt give us pauſe———There's the reſpect
That makes calamity of ſuch attempts:
For who wou'd bear the whips and ſcorns of time,
Th' oppreſſors wrong, the miniſter's contumely,
The pangs of ſlavery,—the law's delay,
The inſolence of office, and the ſpurns
That patient merit from injuſtice takes,
When he himſelf might his quietus make
By daring to be free.——Who can forbids wear,
To groan and ſweat under a ſlaviſh life,
And have the dread of ſomething after death,
Our children ſlaves, and ſo their children too,
And if thoſe ills we bear, they others muſt,
And ſuch we know not of, but they will feel,
And feel them come from us.

From the London Chronicle, *Dec.* 29.

A SECOND EXTRAORDINARY LETTER.

IN addition to the intelligence I lately conveyed to the public through your paper, I now ſend for publication the following late advices.

The officers of the cuſtoms at Glouceſter in New-England having *preſumed* to make a figure under the authority of an act of parliament, the inhabitants roſe upon them, confined them, and threatened to murder them if they reſiſted; whilſt they refuſed the goods, ſeized, and conveyed them away.

The people of Nantucket unanimouſly agreed to refuſe lodging and victuals to the officers of the cuſtoms belonging to that port; and the officers have been obliged to quit the town accordingly.

The ſixteen inhabitants of North-Carolina were offered their pardon by Governor Tryon, on condition of their taking an oath to obey all the *laws of the province*, which were not inconſiſtent with acts of parliament; but they apprehending ſuch oath might ſubject them to obey acts of parliament, which they declared they would not obey, they refuſed to take it.

The *Mechanics*, as they call themſelves, in Charles-Town, South-Carolina, have planted a tree of liberty, and deſtinated it by toaſting No. 45, and the glorious 92 in the aſſembly of Maſſachuſetts, who voted againſt reſcinding.

Thus does it appear that meaſures are taking throughout all the colonies to ſhake off their dependance on Great-Britain; and that whilſt the people of England are amuſed with falſe accounts, that all is quiet in America, and adminiſtration are trifling to the chapter of accidents, talking big in public, and giving other ſort of hints in private, the miſchief is ſpreading itſelf far and wide, and evils are ſuffered to accumulate till they grow too great for remedy, and general ruin becomes inevitable. But you will ſay, what ſignifies what calamities befall the ſtate from inattention—We have got an academy of ſciences.

CASSIUS.

[*Weak Man!*]

From the Antigua Mercury, *Jan.* 14.

TO *print* or not to *print*—that is the queſtion,
Whether 'tis better in a trunk to bury
The quirks and crotchets of outrageous fancy,
Or ſend a well wrote *Eſſay* to the preſs,
(No matter which, whether on timid *Cowardice* or *Courage*)
And by imprinting, end them—To print, to doubt
No more; and by one act to ſay we end
The heart-ach, and a thouſand natural ſhocks
Of ſcribbling frenzy—'tis a conſummation
Devoutly to be wiſh'd. To print—to ſhine
On the ſame ſhelf with Pope, in calf well bound:
To ſleep, perchance, with Quarles—Ay, there's the rub——
For to what elſe a writer may be doom'd,
When he hath ſhuffled off ſome paultry ſtuff,
Muſt give him pauſe. There's the reſpect that makes
Th' unwilling poet keep his piece nine years.
For who would bear th' impatient thirſt of fame,
The pride of conſcious merit, and 'bove all,
The tedious importunity of friends,
When he himſelf might his impreſſion make
With *Caſlon's* * types? Who would fardels bear?
To groan and ſweat under a load of wit?
But that the tread of ſleep Parnaſſus' hill,
Whoſe ſummit's ſeldom ſeal'd, and with whoſe boys
Few travellers return, puzzles the will,
And makes us rather bear to live unknown,
Than run the hazard to be known and damn'd.
Thus critics do make cowards of us all.
And thus th' harmonious lines of many a poem
Is lacquer'd o'er with a pale manuſcript;
And enterprizes of great fire and ſpirit,
With this regard, from printing ſtand aloof,
And loſe their foundings in the trump of Fame.

* *An inimitable Letter Founder in London.*

New Advertiſements.

DAVID BRUCE,

Has imported, in the Union, Capt. Coombes, and the laſt Veſſels from LONDON:

A FEW Pieces plain MANTUA SILKS, black and brown India perſian, Engliſh ditto, of moſt colours, plain and figured ſattins and modes, book muſlin, ladies white beaver riding hats, with feathers, boys white beaver ditto, trimmed, mens fſhionable Nivernois ditto; an aſſortment of men and womens gloves, ſattin and calhmance pumps, gauze handkerchiers and aprons, Whitechapel needles, Poland ſtarch, hair powder, Scots ſnuff, Cronoko tobacco, long tipt pipes, and a number of other articles. *Alſo,*

Writing paper, quills, ink powder, red ink in phials, wax, wafers, pounce, and pounce boxes, broad and narow ſtationers tape, pewter ſtandards and ink pots, lead flints, black lead pencils, compting-houſe files, morocco and moſt other kind of pocket books, ivory and aſs-ſkin memorandum books, caſes of ſurveyors inſtruments, beſt London made and common pen-knives, neat tweezer caſes, with inſtruments, &c. all which he will diſpoſe of, at a very reaſonable advance, at his old Shop in Church-ſtreet.

N. B. *He likewiſe undertakes all manner of* PRINTING-WORK, *and will be obliged to thoſe who may chuſe to employ him in that way.*

MARY PEQUIN,

INTENDING (God willing) to depart this province about the cloſe of *April*, deſires all perſons that have any demands againſt her, to bring in their accompts for payment, and thoſe that are any ways indebted to her, to ſettle before that time.

She will, in the mean time, diſpoſe of a Wench, that is a good cook and waſher, with her Child, and a Negro Fellow, who is as good a fiſherman as any in the province. *March* 9th, 1769.

ALL perſons having any demands on Miſs *Elizabeth Woolford*, of St. Philip's pariſh, deceaſed, are deſired to make them known, and bring in their accompts. properly atteſted: and all thoſe who are any ways indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to pay the ſame immediately, to

RICHARD MUNCRIEF, Executor.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subſcriber,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, containing 700 acres, ſituated on the South ſide of Pedee-river, butting and bounding, at the time of the grant, on lands of Samuel Woodward, Eſq; there being between 2 and 300 acres of good rice ſwamp, the remainder is good for corn or indico. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, may treat with me, at Meſſrs. *Peter Leger*, & Co. Merchants, in Charles-Town. t.f. EDWARD LEGGE, jun.

THE Subſcriber intending to leave the province in the Spring, WILL SELL

THE HOUSE in which he now reſides, in Anſonſborough, being the ſame ſometime occupied by the late Chief-Juſtice Shinner: The land belonging to it meaſures 160 feet in front on the Broad-road, and 200 feet in depth on George-ſtreet; the ſituation is known to be pleaſant, and the building commodious.

He will alſo ſell, A LOTT of LAND, joining the above on the South, 80 feet in front, and 200 in depth.——For further particulars, enquire of DANIEL LEGARE, jun. JOSIAH SMITH, jun. or

JONATHAN BADGER.

WHEREAS we now find (from ſundry loſſes in our trade at George-Town) that we cannot fully pay all our debts, and, being deſirous to do ſtrict juſtice, ſo far as is in our power, putting all perſons that we are indebted to on a footing; do hereby requeſt a meeting of all our creditors, in Charles-Town, at Mr. Dillon's, on Wednesday the 5th day of April next, in order to determine on ſome plan for ſecuring to them a proportion of their ſeveral demands on us, ſo far as can then be done and in our power to do: And, in the mean time, we deſire that our ſeveral creditors will furniſh us with a ſtate of their demands.——And, that all perſons indebted to us, will immediately pay or ſettle the ſame, the better to enable us to ſatisfy our creditors.

SHACKELFORD & LUPTAN.

George-Town, January 27th, 1769.

ROGER CHAMPNEYS,

INTENDS TO FOLLOW THE BUSINESS OF

VENDUE MASTER,

AND will be obliged to his FRIENDS that may chuſe to employ him in that branch; alſo in the

FACTORAGE BUSINESS,

which he intends likewiſe to follow, and has a convenient ſtore on his Brother's wharf for carrying on the ſame.

Where may be had *Jamaica*, *Weſt-India* and *Northward RUM*, and *Madera WINE*, by the quarter caſk, or any quantity, not leſs than three gallons, for cash, or three months credit.

Orders from Town or Country, will be faithfully and punctually attended to.

CHARLES-TOWN, March 16.

SEVERAL councils have been held, and we have been amuſed with a variety of reports not unalarming, in conſequence of the arrival of an expreſs laſt Friday, from the Weſtern frontiers, repreſenting affairs in thoſe parts again in ſo critical a ſituation, as to have rendered an application for aſſiſtance from hence neceſſary, to bring to Town ſome of the people ſtiled REGULATORS, who had been taken up by virtue of warrants iſſued from the courts here. Upon the ſuppoſition that thoſe repreſentations might be juſt, we hear his Excellency the Governor, by the advice of his council, was pleaſed to enquire, what voluntary aſſiſtance could be expected from the Charles-Town Militia, when, to the honour of the ARTILLERY COMPANY, (commanded by Capt. Owen Roberts) who have diſtinguiſhed themſelves upon former occaſions, *that* corps, being aſſembled, moſt readily agreed to go upon this ſervice; a conſiderable number of gentlemen, of rank and property, alſo offered themſelves as volunteers; and every thing was preparing for their ſetting out on Sunday morning next: But this evening a ſtop was put to their further proceeding by the arrival of the priſoners, conſiſting of five men, viz *Rudolph Baſſard, John Fulman, Bartholomew Corzman, Chriſtopher Smith, and Thomas Trap*, who have been conducted about 180 miles, under a guard of *only eight men*, without the leaſt attempt having been made to reſcue them.—*John Frazer*, another of the priſoners, was left behind, on the road, having been dangerouſly wounded in the head, in taking of him.

A correct Liſt of the Gentlemen elected, on the 7th and 8th Inſtant, to repreſent the Inhabitants of this Province, in the enſuing General Aſſembly.

For St. Philip's Pariſh	*Chriſtopher Gadſden,* *Henry Laurens,* *Charles Pinckney,*	Eſquires.
For St. Michael's	*Benjamin Dart,* *Thomas Savage,* *John Lloyd.*	
For Christ-Church	*John Rutledge,* *John Poung.*	
For St. Thomas & St. Dennis	*Peter Manigault,* *John Huger,* *Robert Daſh junior.*	
For St. John's, Berkley-County	*Iſaac Mazyck,* *Edward Harleſton,* *William Moultrie,*	
For St. George, Dorcheſter	*David Oliphant,* *Benjamin Waring,*	
For St. James, Gooſe Creek	*John Mackenzie,* *Benjamin Huger,* *John Parker,*	
For St. Andrew's	*William Scott,* George Sheed,	
For St. Matthew's	William Thomſon,	
For * St. Paul's	*Benjamin Elliott,* *Charles Elliott,* *Archibald Stanyarne,*	
For † St. John's, Colleton-Co.	David Graeme, John Parker,	
For St. Bartholomew's	Rawlins Lowndes, *James Parſons,* *James Reid.* *James Skirving jun.*	
For St. Helena	William Roper, Thomas Smith, *Broad-ſtreet*	
For Prince William's	Barnard Elliott, Patrick Calhoun,	
For St. Luke's	Thomas Bee, John Wragg,	
For St. Peter's	William Williamſon,	
For St. James's, Santee	Daniel Horry, *Thomas Evance.*	
For St. Stephen's	*Tacitus Gaillard,* —	
For Prince George, Winyah	*Thomas Lynch,* *Elias Ivory* jun.	
For Prince Frederick's	Charles Cantey, *Theodore Gaillard, jun.*	
For St. Mark's	Joſeph Kinſhaw,	
For All Saints	Joſeph Allſton, Benjamin Young,	
For St. David's,	George Gabriel Powell,	

* *The Poll in this pariſh is ſaid to have been cloſed before the uſual hour.*

† *In this pariſh* Thomas Ferguſon, *and* Paul Hamilton, Eſqrs. *has equal votes.*

☞ The gentlemen whoſe names are in *Italicks*, were of the number TWENTY-SIX, of which the laſt houſe conſiſted when diſſolved by Proclamation. *John Harleſton*, Eſq; one of that number, would have been re-elected as the reſt, but declared he could not ſerve.

It is reported, that in conſequence of orders from home, his Excellency General Gage has ordered one of the regiments now at St. Auguſtine to be tranſported hither.

We hear, that Brigadier-General Haldimand arrived at Apalatches, about three weeks ago, from Penſacola, and was expected over land at St. Auguſtine.

Col. John Scott, of his Majeſty's 26th regiment (commonly called the Cameronians) and member of parliament for the county of Fife in Scotland, having made the Tour of North-America from Boſton to Cape-Fear, arrived from thence, in a Pilot-Boat, at Savannah in Georgia, on the 7th inſtant, and ſailed again the next day for St. Auguſtine. He was accompanied by Capt. Sutherland, and the Hon. Mr. Rutherford of North-Carolina, and is ſhortly expected to viſit this Place.

Capt. Fox, arrived at Savannah in Georgia the 1ſt inſtant, in 5 weeks from Bourdeaux reports, that when he left France, it was publickly ſaid, that that court had ceded Dunkirk to Spain in lieu of St. Sebaſtians.

Friday laſt Thomas Gadſden, Eſq; embarked for Barbados, in the Snow Chorley, for the recovery of his health.

Laſt Monday arrived here His Majeſty's Packet Boat Swallow, commanded by Capt. Edward Bayley, in ſeven weeks from Falmouth.

The ſame day Benjamin Ward, and Elias Vanderhorſt, Eſqrs. embarked for Weſt-Florida, in the Sloop Penſacola Packet.

Since our laſt, landed here, in order to make the Tour of America, Thomas Coffens and John Taylor, Eſqrs. of Jamaica: One of which gentlemen, we hear after having completed the intended tour, propoſe to go for England, in order to proceed from thence for Corſica.

the ſame veſſel arrived Lieutenant James Boucher of his Majeſty's 3 regiment.

"On the 5th inſtant died, in Prince William's pariſh, of which he "was an inhabitant, truly and greatly regretted, Mr. ROBERT "McLEOD, merchant; who, by his upright and friendly behaviour, "was much eſteemed by the many that had the pleaſure of his ac"quaintance."

The Sweepſtakes, Cole, from Poole, and the Florida, Fall, from Liverpoole, are arrived at Georgia.

SATURDAY NEXT, being the *anniverſary* of his Majeſty's gracious aſſent to the REPEAL of the univerſally deteſted AMERICAN STAMP-ACT, we hear, that event is intended to be celebrated here, by every mark of decent joy, and by ſhewing all poſſible regard to the *true Friends* of the Britiſh Empire and Conſtitution.

A MAN of an unexceptionable moral Character, well acquainted with the HEBREW, GREEK and LATIN Languages, capable and willing to teach them grammatically, in the Order here mentioned, beginning with the *Hebrew* without *Points*, and ending with the *Latin*, may meet with Encouragement, applying to the Printer hereof.

Timothy's Maxine List.

March	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	From
11th.	Brigantine Hope, Alexander Livingston,	Antigua
12th.	Schooner Ruby, John Backhouse,	North Carolina
13th.	His Majesty's Packet-Boat *Swallow*, Capt. *Edw. Bayly*,	Falmouth
	Sloop East Florida, James Wallace,	St. Augustine
	Sloop Ruth, Edward King,	Bermuda
14th.	Schooner Polly, Samuel Stone,	Georgia
15th.	Brigt. Charming Betsey, David Ferguson,	St. Eustatius
	Sloop Benjamin, Nathaniel Catlin,	Barbadoes

March	Sailed,	For
10th.	Ship Three Brothers, John Wheitfield,	Cowes
	Snow Chorley, Henry Marshal,	Barbadoes
	Brigt. Harriett, Charles Dawson,	Jamaica
	Schooner Sunflower, Edward Bacon,	Boston
	Schooner William, Richard Cox,	Salem
	Sloop Dove, George Luther,	St. Christophers
	Sloop Sally, Nathaniel Coddington,	Rhode-Island
	Sloop Charles-Town, John Lesycraft,	St. Christophers
	Sloop Elizabeth, James Gilcrift,	Dominica
	Sloop Industry, Spencer Ripley,	North-Carolina
13th.	Ship Hunter, William Hunter,	London
	Brigt. Jolliff, William Bound,	Poole
	Sloop Penfacola Packet, William Rogers,	Penfacola
14th.	Ship Nancy, Cornelius Donovan,	Lisbon
	Snow Verney, Francis Forde,	Viana
	Sloop Roby, John Earle,	Barbados
18th.	Ship James, John Trenham,	Cape Fear
	Sloop Nancy, James Rogers,	Antigua

	Remain windbound or cleared,	For
	Ship Charming Sally, Peter Rainier,	Barcelona
	Schooner Expedition, John Doran,	St. Augustine

	Way sail between this and our next.	For
	His Majesty's Packet-Boat *Sandwich*, Capt. *Sam. Ayres*,	Falmouth
	Ship Little-Carpenter, Richard Maitland,	London
	Ship Jamima, James Farquhar,	Cowes
	Snow Resolution, Charles Chevalier,	Lisbon
	Brigantine Jane, John Smith,	Leith
	Brigantine Good-Intent, George Gould,	Cadiz
	Brigantine Olive, James Reid,	Domini a
	Schooner William, David Brace,	Cadiz
	Schooner Balmer, William Williams,	St. Eustatius
	Sloop Sea-flower, William Tatem,	St. Christophers
	Sloop Three Sallys, Peter Simon,	Rhode-Island

	Entered out, and loading.	For
	Ship Pitt, John Lasley,	Bristol
	Ship America, William Coombes,	London
	Ship Flora, Francis Kelly,	Bristol
	Ship Dolphin, Henry Simblett,	London
	Ship Britannia, James Kerr,	Oporto
	Ship Mary, John Spurrier,	Gosport
	Ship Berwick, George Moore,	Cowes
	Snow Portland,	London
	Snow Freeholder, Isaac Morvil,	Tortola
	Hermaphrodite Betsey, John Lefevre,	London
	Brigantine Pompey, Jesse Smith,	Hull
	Brigantine Ruby, Thomas Bragg,	Barbados
	Brigantine Philadelphia Packet, James Taylor,	Bristol
	Brigantine Barclay, John Wells,	Cowes

	Other Vessels in Port.	
	Ship British King, George Hawkins Goldsmith,	Cowes
	Ship Peter & Anne, Joseph Brown,	
	Ship Achilles, John Walker,	
	Ship Constant Friend, Thomas Alcock,	
	Ship Lady Stawell, Anthony Fortune,	
	Brigantine Philadelphia Packet, William Coward,	
	Brigantine Hawke, George Best,	
	Brigantine Hercules, John Hatter,	
	Brigantine Ranger, William Pickles,	North-Carolina
	Sloop Two Brothers, William Connor,	
	Sloop Dolphin, John Wheaton,	Hispaniola
	Sloop Montago, Hinson Todd,	Jamaica
	Sloop Mazes, Thomas Blundell,	
	Sloop Montagu, Samuel Wright,	
	Sloop Mary, John Rogers,	
	Sloop Dolphin, Richard Harris,	New-London

	Arrivals from this Port.	At
Brigt. Anne	*John Maxwell*,	*Oporto Bar*
Ship Amity's Advice,	*Francis McLean*,	*London*

Charles-Town Price Current.

Of South Carolina Produce and Manufactures.

By the Hundred Pounds Weight.	
RICE,	60 s
Turpentine,	*no demand*
Rozin,	*none*
Flour,	41 to 41. 5 s
Hemp, *(besides the bounty)*	7 l
Flax, *(besides the bounty)*	8 l
Ship Bread,	4l. 5s. to 4l. 15
Cordage,	10 l. 10 *to* 11 l. 5 s.
Tobacco,	5 l. *to* 6 l. 15 s
Saffafras,	15 s
By the Barrel.	
Pitch,	50 s
Green Tar,	65 s
Common Tar,	40 s
Pork,	12l. 10 to 13 l
Beef,	6 l. to 7 l
By the Pound.	
Deer-Skins,	14 to 15 s
Ditto in the Hair,	7 s. 6 d
Beaver Skins,	20 to 25 s
INDICO, Flora,	
Beft purple & copper,	none
Second Sort,	
Ordinary,	
Pink & Snake Root,	5 s
Myrtle wax,	5 s
Bees Wax,	6 s
Butter, in firkins,	3 s. 6 d
Hogs Lard,	*none*
Tallow,	3 s
Single refined Sugar,	4 s 6 *to* 5 s
By the Bufhel.	
Indian Corn,	10 s
Black-eyed Peafe,	12 s 6 d
Red Ditto,	10 s
Potatoes,	10 s
Ruff Rice,	10 s
Ground Nuts,	15 s
Oats,	15 s
Lime,	2 s
By the Thoufand Weight.	
Corn Blades,	12 l. 10
Hay,	8 to 10 l
By the Box.	
Soap,	2 to 4 s. lb
Dipt Tallow Candles,	4 s. 6
Mould ditto,	5 s
Myrtle Wax ditto,	6 s
By the Thoufand.	
Shingles,	5 l.
Bricks,	7 l.
STAVES: White oak Pipe, Ditto Hogfhead, Ditto Barrel, Red oak Hogfhead,	none
Plaistering Laths,	40 s.
By the Hundred Feet.	
PINE 1/4 Inch Boards,	40 s
Inch,	40 s
Featheredge,	35 s
Inch and 1/4,	50 s
Inch and 1/2,	70 s
Inch and 3/4,	80 s
Two Inch,	5 l.
Scantling & Timber	65 s. *to* 5 l
Shingling Laths,	40 s
CYPRESS 1/4 Inch,	60 s
Inch,	60 s
Inch and 1/4	60 s
Inch and 1/2	70 s
Inch and 3/4	85 s
Two Inch,	6 l.
Scantling & Timber,	5 *to* 10 l
By the Hundred.	
Reeds,	20 to 25 s
By the Hogfhead.	
Rum, *per Gallon*,	10 s. 6
By the Cord.	
Red Oak Bark,	10 l
Firewood,	3 l 15 s

Advertisements.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

FOR the CANAL at the upper end of Broad ſtreet, the following MATERIALS, to be delivered on the ſpot, viz.

3,500 Palmetto Poſts, twelve feet long.
800 ditto, ten feet long.
9,600 feet of good Pine Timber, clear of ſap, 12 inches by 12,
8000 feet of two-inch Pine Plank, clear of ſap.
30,000 feet of Pine Logs, any length above 30 feet, 10 or 12 inches diameter.
200 Pine Piles, twenty-one feet long.
1000 ditto, from ten to twelve feet long.

Any perſon willing to ſupply the above MATERIALS, may apply to
WILLIAM KELSEY,
HERCULES HALL.

MR. VALTON's SUBSCRIPTION-CONCERT, advertiſed to be performed at Mr. Dillon's on Thurſday next the 15th Inſtant, is unavoidably poſtponed 'till Wedneſday the 5th of April next.

TICKETS to be had of Mr. VALTON, in Beresford's Alley.

ALEXANDER GILLON,

Has juſt imported in the Sloop MEARS, THOMAS BLUNDELL, *Maſter, from* HOLLAND *and* SCILLY:

LINSEED Oil, at 22*s 6d.* per gallon, by the cask of 40 gallons, and 25*s.* per ſingle gallon; beſt vermilion, at 40*s.* per lb; brimſtone, three gallon-jugs, at 8*l.* 5*s.* per dozen; empty caſes, from 42 to 45 gallons, Bottles of all ſizes for ditto; trap cages, that fett themſelves; breeding and common bird cages; wooden ſhoes, at 10*s.* a pair; beſt long and ſhort Dutch pipes; very handſome Delft diſhes and plates; cloſe-ſtools, at 40*s.* each; hearth tiles ten inches ſquare; chimney tiles; beſt French horns, at 18*l.* a pair; a compleat aſſortment of SHIP CHANDELRY; which, with ſundry goods imported lately, will be ſold very cheap, at his ſtore in Broad-ſtreet:—Alſo Madera and Vidonia Wines, by the pipe or quarter caſk, Rhenish, Malmſey, Frontenac, Mountain, and Claret, by the dozen.

A SLOOP, of about 70 tuns, to be lett out on freight, for any of the *Weſt India Iſlands*, or any Port on this Continent.

TO BE SOLD, at Mrs. *Wragg*'s Wharf,
A choice Parcel of *Muſquito-Shore*
MAHOGANY,
In Logs, from 18 to 48 Inches ſquare. Apply to
THOMAS TURNER.

A Very good new CHAIR-HOUSE and STABLE, and a new STABLE with ſtalls for two Horſes, TO BE LETT, by WILLIAM BURROWS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A S a WET NURSE; a White Woman of a good Character. None need apply that cannot bring a good Recommendation. Inquire of the Printer.

TWELVE HUNDRED and FIFTY POUNDS to be lett at intereſt, on good perſonal ſecurity. Enquire of the Printer.

IN PURSUANCE of an Order from His Excellency the Governor, in Council, bearing Date the 8th Inſtant, directing me to contract with ſome proper Perſon or Perſons, to ſupply the Troops now quartered in the Barracks, with the ſeveral Neceſſaries required to be ſupplied them by an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the Sixth *Year of His preſent Majeſty's Reign*, viz.

CANDLES, VINEGAR, SALT, ſmall BEER, CYDER or RUM: which Articles are to be charged, agreeable to the Directions of ſaid Act, to the PUBLIC of this Province.

Any Perſon or Perſons willing to furniſh the Troops with the above Articles, on Accompt of the Public of this Province, are deſired to apply to
BENJAMIN SIMONS, *Commiſſary General.*
Feb. 13th, 1769.

MICHAEL ROGERS informs me of a ſtrayed mouſe-coloured GELDING, between nine and ten years old, and about 13 hands high, branded on the near buttock E; he has a few grey hairs on his forehead, and appears to be a cart horſe by marks of gear on his breaſt. The owner muſt remove his or her property, before ANDREW LEITCH, *J. P.*
St. Paul's Pariſh, February 11, 1769.

JONES & RICHARDSON,

Have juſt received, from London, Glaſgow, *and* Briſtol, *by the Capts* Higgins, M'Larty, *and* Arthur:

A LARGE SUPPLY of ſuch GOODS as are uſually imported from thoſe places;——Which, with what they had before on hand, makes their ASSORTMENT compleat; to be ſold on the uſual terms, at their ſtore in Broad ſtreet: Where their Country Friend's orders will be punctually executed.

N. B A ſmall conſignment of EAST INDIA GOODS, amongſt which are, ſome flowered and brocaded Gorgeroons, a rich painted Taffaty, and other ſilks, cambricks, lawns, lawn and cambrick handkerchiefs, ready hemm'd, and a few very fine ſilk breeches pieces, will be ſold at the above place, for cash only, much under the common advance, and, having been purchaſed with the cash, at firſt hands, will come very cheap. (42—46)

JOHN BENFIELD,

In Tradd-Street, oppoſite to Meſſrs. Manſell, Corbett, & Roberts, *has for ſale, on the very loweſt terms, FOR CASH:*

EXTRAORDINARY fine RAISINS, at 25*s* per pound by the caſk, and 25*s* per pound, by any quantity not leſs than 25 pounds weight;—RUM of all ſorts;—BRANDY of an exceeding good quality;—GIN, MADERA WINE, CHERRY BOUNCE, and ſundry other LIQUORS;—Corks, SHIP BREAD, empty Bottles, 1 & 2 gallon Stone Jugs;—beſt London white Wine and common VINEGAR;—Myrtle-Wax, and Tallow CANDLES of all ſorts:——With which, Merchants and others, may be ſupplied, on the ſhorteſt notice. [42—48.]

TO BE LETT,
A Commodious ſmall TENEMENT, in Guignard Street, next door to Capt. William Moultrie's. For further particulars enquire of
ISAAC MOTTE, on the Bay.
WHO has for ſale, two very neat *Italian* RIDING CHAIRS.

LOST, a green Silk PURSE, with 4 or 5 Guineas, 1 half Guinea, 1 Chequin, and ſome ſmall Silver therein, alſo a pair of Gold Sleeve Buttons, with I L engraved in a Cypher. Whoever will deliver the ſame to me, on board the Ship *Liberty*, at *Mouat*'s Wharf, ſhall have TEN POUNDS reward, from
JOHN LASLEY.

TO BE LETT,
A Large convenient SHOP, Compting Houſe, and Dry Cellars, &c. next door to Meſſrs. Lennox's, in Elliott ſtreet. Enquire of
JOHN M'CALL.

SKETCH *of a moral and political* MAP *of* EUROPE.
By Mr. MOSER, *Envoy from the* Elector Palatine *to* Hanover.

RUSSIA.

THE motley creation of Peter, called the Great, imitators of all Europe, but not Ruſſians; a country taught to rear the produce of Southern climates to rapid life, and to neglect its own vigorous offspring; hiſtory, mathematics, geography, a general balance of trade, inhuman intrepidity, ſlavery, ſavage glare of wealth.

SWEDEN.

Private induſtry; public proſligacy; a ſtate abroad enſlaved by bribes, and ruled at home by the ſmell of furloins; the country of Linnæus and Artedi.

DENMARK.

A nation of voluntary ſlaves to a race of good-natured Kings: Dutch plodding; ſome ſenſe, no genius.

POLAND.

The aſylum of Socinus; the ſeymetar ſupreme judge of right and wrong; of liberty and ſlavery.

HUNGARY.

The phantom of a people once free, vigorous, and acute; the clergy ruling; the peaſt curtailed; the nobility creſt-fallen; a ſoil rich by nature, poor by policy.

BOHEMIA,

Moral forfeits and deſerts.

GERMANY,

Its heroes, like Italian pictures, ſhew beſt at a diſtance; the reſt parcel out to deſerts, petty tyrants, prieſts, pedigreed beggars, and peſants, and all her neighbours know Germany. Yet this is the mother of Arminius and Frederic; of Leibnitz and Wolfe; of Handel and Graun; of Menge and Donner; of Winkelman and Reimarus.

SWITZERLAND,

The land of liberty.—Trade, taſte, knowledge, diſcovery among the Proteſtants, vigour in all; deſpiſers of death; ſlaves of money abroad. Abroad a contemptible ſwarm of valets, clerks, officers, artiſts, ſchemers; the leeches of fools.

HOLLAND,

A country through all its ages fertile of patriots, though now plethoric with wealth, and unſtrung by public indolence. A nobility once full of republican metal, ſneaking by degrees into courtiers. Here are ſcholars, civilians, laborious triflers, trade. Here abſence of miſery is happineſs; bad ſentence contentment; profit honour. Here ſentiment is nonſenſe; plain ſenſe wit; futility pleaſure; poſſeſſion enjoyment; money the anchor of minds, the gals of paſſions, the port of life.

ENGLAND,

The domain of liberty and property, the country of extremes. Virtue is here divine, vice infernal. Here are liberty of conſcience, political liberty, civil liberty, commercial liberty, liberty of thought, tongue and pen, to and beyond the limits of the moſt profligate licence; news papers, magazines, pamphlets regiſters, heaven and earth a jobb; turfs, cockpits, clubs, Maccaronis, blackguards, ſtocks, lotteries, ſchemes, lame ducks, clever fellows, humour, and Novembers big with ſuicide; poſt-chaiſes, Italian maſts and pictures, but few ears or eyes; the maſk of foreigners; the country of Shakeſpeare, Newton, Hogarth.

FRANCE,

The country of CITOYENS and MODE. Here things are eſtimated by their air: a watch may be a maſter piece, without exactneſs; and a woman rule the town, without beauty, if they have air. Here life is a dance, and awkwardneſs of ſtep the great diſgrace. Character here is diſſolved into the public, and an original a name of mirth. "*Cela le fait, & cela ne ſe fait pas*" are here the ſupreme umpires of conduct. Their religion is ſuperſtition, faſhion, ſophiſm; the ladies lay on rouge in equilateral ſquares, and powder with brick duſt. Tyranny may grind the face, but not the countenance of a Frenchman; his feet are made to dance in wooden ſhoes. The parliament reſemble an old toothleſs maſtiff. France was the country of Le Sueur and Racine, and is that of Voltaire.

SPAIN,

The dregs of a nation, two centuries paſt the arbiters of Europe, and leaders of diſcovery. Still ſenſe, ſagacity, and cool courage, are tamely ſubmitted here to the iron yoke of inquiſition; and each note of humanity drowned in the yells of Dominic's victims. The prerogatives of ſoldery moulder here in provincial archieves: Theſe are the execrable lords of one hemiſphere, and the humble factors of Europe. To ſee a ſceptre in the gripe of woman: Confeſſors and favourites make no characteriſtic of Spain; nor is the country of Calderon and Cervantes more than its neighbours, the land of ignorance, vanity, indolence, poverty, envy.

PORTUGAL,

Something of literature and hiſtory, plate, gallantry, ſuperſtition, earthquakes, daggers, inquiſition, the bloody dawns of an uncertain day, the country of Canoens.

ITALY,

An unweeded garden, its inhabitants roſes bred on a dead horſe.—Slavery, and licence. Each moral principle the pimp of pampered orgies: The country of arts, tricks, caſtration, and banditti; of Raphael, Goldoni, Farinelli, Archangell.

The PARTNERSHIP of
GODFREY & GADSDEN,

Expiring with the preſent Year,

THEY return their thanks to their FRIENDS and CUSTOMERS for their favours received, and being under a neceſſity of cloſing their concerns as ſoon as poſſible, they will be additionally obliged to thoſe indebted to them, to diſcharge the ſame this crop, that they may be enabled to ſettle the demands that may be againſt the copartnerſhip: And, as there is a very large amount of debts in open accompts, that have been long ſtanding, they muſt inſiſt on the ſame being paid, or otherwiſe ſettled to their ſatisfaction, as a neglect of ſo reaſonable a demand, will be attended with diſagreeable conſequences.

Rice, Deer-Skins and Indico, ſuch as we ſhall approve of, will be taken in payment, at the market price, if offered to us on its arrival in Charles-Town. [tf.]
December 14th, 1768.

TO BE SOLD,
(And entered upon the firſt day of April next.)
THE Lot, Stores and Wharf, in George-Town, now occupied by Meſſrs. Godfrey & Gadſden, being in the beſt ſituation for trade. Alſo three other Lots, adjoining. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to
CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

THOMAS GADSDEN,

Begs leave to acquaint his FRIENDS, that lately favoured him with their cuſtom and aſſiſtance, when in partnerſhip with Mr. GODFREY,

THAT he intends to carry on buſineſs in his own name alone, after the cloſe of this year, and will therefore be obliged to them for a CONTINUANCE of their FAVOURS, as he will endavour to keep up a GOOD ASSORTMENT of ſuch GOODS as are uſually imported into this province, which he is determined to ſell at the moſt reaſonable rates:——Among thoſe on hand, he has printed Linens and Cottons, at 10*d.* and 11/9. per yard, alſo a great variety of LINEN DRAPERY GOODS, at *Nine for One*, CASH, by the piece or quantity.

Rice, Deer-Skins, and Indico (ſuch as he may approve of) will always be taken, at the market price, in payment of accompts.

☞ WHO is in want of a good, clean, and orderly COOK, on hire, or to purchaſe.

SALES by the Provoſt-Marſhal.

On TUESDAY the 21ſt day of March next, WILL BE SOLD, at public Vendue at the uſual place in Charles Town:

A PLANTATION OR TRACT OF LAND, containing 500 acres, ſituate, lying and being in Colleton county, in the province aforeſaid, butting and bounding Northwardly on Sarah Chamberlain's land, and all other ſides by land vacant at the time of the grant; late belonging to the eſtate of JOHN WHITFIELD, deceaſed, and ſold under execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, *Provoſt-Marſhal.*

TO BE SOLD, at public Auction, on Tueſday the 11th day of April next, at the uſual place in Charles-Town:

TWO valuabble TRACTS OF LAND, in Granville county, on a branch of Cooſawhatchie, and about ſeven miles from the Bridge. One tract contains 500 acres, two hundred of which is rich tupelo ſwamp intermixed with large cypreſs trees; the high land is well timbered with oak and hickory, and great plenty of yellow pine; it is butting and bounding to the Northeaſtward part on Mr. James Clark's land, and part on vacant land, and on all other ſides on vacant land. The other tract contains 200 acres, about a mile diſtant from the former, upwards of 150 of which is the ſame rice ſwamp as the other, with the ſame timber, both in the ſwamp and on the high land; and is butting and bounding to the South-eaſtward on lands of the late Mrs. Middleton, deceaſed, to the Northward on Mr. James Clark's land, and on all other ſides on vacant lands. The lines of both tracts run quite acroſs the ſwamp, which is near half a mile from ſide to ſide. Both of the tracts are inferior to none in the province for corn, rice, indico and lumber, and, with very little trouble, may be made as valuable rice plantations as any whatever, according to the quantity of land.

The purchaſer may have a twelve month's credit, paying intereſt, and giving approved ſecurity.

Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe either or both of the ſaid tracts, before the day of ſale, may have them on very reaſonable terms, by applying to Meſſrs. HARLESTON & BONNEAU, merchants in Charles-Town, in whoſe hands the plats are to be ſeen, and may be treated with for the ſame.

LAURENCE MAYER.

TO BE SOLD, *At public Vendue, At the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 21ſt of March next, together or ſeparate:*

TWO LOTS OF LAND in Anſonborough, near Mrs. Guignard's, each containing 62 feet in front, and 318 in depth, having a fine Southerly front. Credit will be given 'till the firſt of January, 1770, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if required. ALSO,

A Plantation or Tract of LAND, in St. John's pariſh, Berkley-County, known by the name of the CRAWL, containing 927 acres, good for corn, rice, or indico, pleaſantly ſituated, about 25 miles from Charles-Town, adjoining lands of Sir John Colleton, and the the eſtate of Alexander Broughton, Eſq; &c. One or two years credit will be given, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if required.

And, on Thurſday the 23d of March, at the Plantation of the Subſcriber, at Gooſe Creek:

THE ſaid PLANTATION, containing 927 acres, more or leſs; 100 acres of which is as good tupelow ſwamp as moſt in the province, the reſt good oak, hickory and pine land, whereon is an exceeding good two-ſtory brick houſe, with four rooms on a floor, genteelly fitted up, with every convenient out-building neceſſary on a plantation, moſt of which are lately built.

Likewiſe, all his Houſhold Furniture, conſiſting of every neceſſary and convenient article, great part of which are almoſt new, cattle, horſes, ſheep, hogs, &c.——The conditions will be made known on the day of ſale; if that day ſhould prove rainy, the ſale will be on the firſt fair day after. Any perſon inclinable to treat for any of the lands before the day of ſale, may apply to JOHN CHANNING.

TO BE SOLD, at public Vendue,

On Tueſday the 23th of March, inſt. if a fair day, if not, the next fair day afterwards, at the houſe of the Subſcriber in Jackſonſborough:

ALL the perſonal eſtate of ADAM CULLIATTE, deceaſed, conſiſting of a parcel of very valuable SLAVES; amongſt whom are, an extraordinary good carpenter, ſawyers, houſe-wenches, handy boys and girls, uſed to attend about a houſe, and the reſt fine field ſlaves; a ſmall ſtock of cattle, horſes, and hogs, houſhold goods, &c. *Alſo,*

A PLANTATION on the Round O road, about ſix miles from Jackſonſborough, containing 159 acres; about one-third whereof is good rice land, the reſt fit for corn and indico, inferior to no land thereabouts, the whole under good fence, with proper buildings thereon. *Alſo,*

Seventy acres of extraordinary good PINE BARREN, upon the Horſe Shoe road, about a mile and an half from Jackſonſborough. *And alſo,*

Three LOTTS of LAND in Jackſonſborough, on King-ſtreet, known in the plan thereof by the numbers 58, 59, and 70.

The conditions are, all ſums under £. 20 to be cash, and for all above, twelve months credit will be given, paying intereſt from the day of ſale, and giving approved ſecurity.

All perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, by bond, note or account, are deſired to take notice, that unleſs the ſame be diſcharged by the firſt of June next, they will be put into the hands of an attorney, to be ſued for immediately, without diſtinction.

MARY CULLIATTE, *Acting Executrix.*

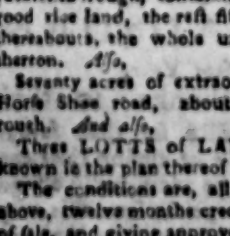
TO BE SOLD, on Thurſday the 30th of March inſt. at the plantation where Captain JAMES GLAZE *lately lived, at the Round O:*

A PARCEL of very valuable SLAVES, moſt of them this country born; amongſt whom are a good cooper, very good waſhers and ironers, a very valuable waiting-man; alſo a parcel of very valuable houſhold goods and furniture, a very good chair horſe, together with many other horſes of value, cattle, goats, plantation tools, &c. belonging to the eſtate of the ſaid Captain James Glaze, deceaſed.

The conditions will be made known on the day of ſale.

All perſons to whom the ſaid eſtate is indebted, are deſired to ſend in accompts of their demands, properly atteſted, on or before the day of ſale;—and thoſe indebted thereto, to make immediate payment to

STEPHEN FORD, JOHN LIDDELL, } *Executors.*



TO BE PUBLICLY SOLD, *At the Houſe of Mr. Thomas Nightingale's, near Charles Town, on Thurſday the 23d of March, inſt. in the forenoon, if a fair day, if not, the next fair day after:*

Upwards of SIXTY VERY VALUABLE YOUNG SLAVES, *(Moſtly this Country born)*

BELONGING to the eſtate of William Middleton, Eſq; deceaſed, amongſt whom are carpenters, coopers, ſawyers, cooks and waſhers, AND,

On Wedneſday the 5th day of April next, at the plantation at Aſhepoo belonging to the ſaid eſtate, WILL ALSO BE SOLD, for cash,

A Stock of cattle and ſheep, ſome houſehold goods and furniture, a parcel of cypreſs lumber, corn, plantation tools, &c. &c.

The purchaſers of the negroes to pay one half of the purchaſe money in three months, if required, and the other half in twelve months from the day of ſale, paying intereſt and giving ſecurity, to

BENJAMIN GUERARD, Adminiſtrator.

For any Port in *Great-Britain, Cowes* and the *Markets*, or the *Weſt-Indies*.

The Ship BERWICK, GEORGE MOORE, Maſter.

BURTHEN about 300 Barrels of Rice. For Freight apply to ſaid Maſter, or to GEORGE-ABBOTT HALL, & Comp.

For COWES and the MARKETS, OR, For BRISTOL, or PORTUGAL,

The SHIP FLORA, FRANCIS KELLY, Maſter. *(Burthen about 650 Barrels of Rice.)*

THE Veſſel will be clear to take in a Cargo on the 12th inſtant, March.——For Freight, apply to the ſaid Maſter, at Elliott's Wharf, or to HENRY LAURENS.

For LONDON, *(To Sail in all this Month)*

THE SHIP UNION, WILLIAM COOMBES, Maſter.

FOR Freight of Rice, Indico, Deer-ſkins, or Paſſage, (having moſt excellent Accommodations) apply to ſaid Maſter on board, at Elliott's Wharf, JOHN GORDON, or ANDREW LORD.

For BARBADOS, *(To ſail the 25th Inſtant)*

THE BRIGANTINE RUBY, THOMAS BRAGG, Maſter.

FOR Freight, apply to JAMES GRAHAM, & Comp.

For BRISTOL, directly,

The Brigt. PHILADELPHIA PACKET, *James Taylor*, Maſter.

BURTHEN of the veſſel about 600 barrels of RICE.—Freight at 40ſ per ton for Rice, Pitch or Tar;—Deer ſkins and Indico, at the current freight given for ſuch goods.—Any perſon inclined to load the whole or part of the ſaid veſſel's burthen, may apply to Capt. Taylor, at Mayne's Wharf, or to HENRY LAURENS.

MORO

WILL cover this ſeaſon, any time after the 1ſt of *April*, at *William Henry Drayton*, Eſq're plantation at the *Horſe Shoe*, at FIVE POUNDS ſterling each Mare, and Two Dollars to the Groom.

No Mare will be received unleſs the money is ſent with her; the Groom being anſwerable for the payment of every one that is covered.

Good paſturage for the Mares, and great care will be taken, by WILLIAM COATES, Groom.

N. B. *Moro* was got by *Moro*, his dam by *Regulus*, his grand dam by *Rib*, his great grand dam by *Partner*, his great-great grand dam by *Greyhound*, his great-great-great grand dam by the *Curwin Bay Barb*, as certified by *Barnard Smith*, Stud-Groom to his late Royal Highneſs the Duke.

Moſt of *MORO*'s Sires, and grand Sires, covered at TEN GUINEAS in *England*.

CADE,

COVERS at Mr. Williamſon's plantation, near Rantowle's-bridge, until the firſt of May, at THIRTY-FIVE POUNDS each Mare, and a Dollar to the Groom; and after that, at Mr. Haſkins's, at Indian-Land, upon the ſame terms and conditions.—Any mare proving not in foal, ſhall be covered the following ſeaſon, *gratis*.

N. B. No Mare will be received without the money.

*** As the proprietor of CADE is deſirous of having ſome *bleeded* Mares to the horſe, he will admit any number of gentlemen, not exceeding twelve, to ſend a mare *gratis*, (only paying a Dollar to the Groom) provided the mare ſent was got by either *Pharoah*, *Starling*, *Pam*, or *Brutus*, with a certificate from the breeder; the certificate and mare muſt be ſent by the firſt of April, and not ſooner, as the horſe is to be carried to the Southward in a month after, at which time it is expected thoſe gentlemen who ſend mares will take them away, as Mr. Williamſon's paſturage is not the beſt, and the mares might ſuffer by their neglect in not complying with this requeſt.

SHADOW,

HAVING now proved himſelf a *capital* HORSE, as well by his performance as by an authentic pedigree, to be ſeen in the hands of the Subſcriber, WILL COVER this ſeaſon, at *Walnut-Hill* Farm, near *Dorcheſter*, at FIVE POUNDS ſterling each Mare, and a Dollar to the Groom.

He only covers *twenty* this year; and thoſe Gentlemen who ſpeak firſt, will have the preference.

Mares not to be ſent ſooner than the 10th of April; and none covered without the money being firſt paid.

N. B. Good Summer Paſture for Mares, and great care will be taken of them. THOMAS NIGHTINGALE.

TRAVELLER

COVERS this ſeaſon at Mr. Thomas Nightingale's plantation, where Doct. Lewis Mottet lately lived, at Gooſe Creek, from the 25th of March until the 25th of May, and at Mr. Charles Jones's plantation at the Horſe Shoe, from the firſt of June the reſt of the ſeaſon, at FIFTEEN POUNDS each Mare, and Twenty Shillings to the Groom.

Traveller is eſteemed as proper a Stallion for a uſeful breed as any in the province, being *ſeven-eighth* of the race breed, full ſixteen hands high, good bone, very active, and ſucceſsful in getting Colts.

N. B. No Mares will be covered without the money is firſt paid.

*** And, as the Horſe will be gone from Gooſe-Creek before the firſt of June, I could wiſh thoſe Gentlemen that ſends Mares, would ſend them before he is removed, to ſee them tried, as I am deſirous to give all the ſatisfaction poſſible. Should any of the Mares not take him at all, as is the caſe ſome times, the money ſhall be returned; or ſhould it appear, that any Mares are not ſtented before he goes from Gooſe-Creek, and does not prove with foal, they may be ſent the next ſeaſon, *Gratis*. THOMAS NIGHTINGALE.

TO BE LETT, for a Term of Years, to commence the firſt Day of *June* next:

THE WHARF and STORES on the Bay, now occupied by Mr. THOMAS LEGARE.—— Enquire of DAVID GRÆME.

THE Subſcriber, being deſirous to contribute his Mite towards encouraging *American Manufactures*, will give a good Price for as much HOME-SPUN CLOTH as will make him a Suit or Two of Cloaths. JOHN PRUE.

February 23d, 1769.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Mr: GEORGE SEAMAN, deceaſed, by bond, note or otherwiſe, are requeſted to call and diſcharge or ſettle the ſame, eſpecially thoſe who are in arrears for intereſt;—and thoſe who have any demands, to ſend them in.

JAMES LENNOX, DAVID DEAS, WILLIAM LENNOX, JOHN DEAS, } *Executors.*

The HOUSE wherein the ſaid deceaſed lately dwelt, is to be lett, and may be entered upon immediately. Any perſon inclining to rent the ſame, may apply to Mr. JOHN ROSS. [3m]

JAMES McCALL,

Has imported, in the Philadelphia Packet, Captain Taylor, from BRISTOL:

A ſmall Aſſortment of GOODS; Conſiſting of many USEFUL ARTICLES:—Which are to be ſold at a moderate profit, at his Store in Tradd-ſtreet.

JAMAICA, WEST-INDIA and NORTHWARD RUM, by the hogſhead;—ſuperfine FLOUR;—BAR IRON;—beſt double BEER;—ſhip, water, and butter BREAD, to be ſold by DANIEL BOURDEAUX.

N. B. A CONSIGNMENT of IRISH and BRITISH LINENS, from 2ſ 3d to 3ſ 6d ſterling per yard, will be ſold at *EIGHT* and an *HALF* or *One*, CASH.

A genteel DINING-ROOM, FURNISHED or unfurniſhed, TO BE LETT, and two other ROOMS.—Enquire of the Printer.

FOUND in Broad ſtreet, A GARNET HOOP-RING. The Owner may have it, on proper Application to SAMUEL PRIOLEAU.

THE anniverſary meeting of the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY, will be held on Tueſday the 25th inſtant, (being Tueſday in Eaſter Week) at the houſe of Mr. *Eliſha Poinſett* in Charles-Town, where the Members are deſired to attend, preciſely at Nine o'Clock in the forenoon.

*** All perſons indebted to the ſaid Society for Intereſt, are deſired to pay the ſame before the ſaid meeting.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, Clerk.

TO BE LETT, *(and may be entered on the 25th of this Month)* A Convenient TENEMENT in Queen Street, at preſent occupied by Mr BENJAMIN WEBB Inquire of

March 1ſt, 1769. PETER BACOT.

Charles-Town, March 1ſt, 1769.

AGREEABLE to the directions of an act of the general aſſembly of this province, intituled, "an act "to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* colonies to be at *five pounds* and *fifteen ſhillings, per hundred* lb. weight, and *Carolina* Flour at *three pounds* and *fifteen ſhillings*, (being both uſed by the bakers); at which price the HALF CROWN loaves muſt weigh, as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt	Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt
White,	1	13	0	White,	2	11	0
Wheaten,	2	11	8	Wheaten,	4	0	8
Houſhold,	3	10	0	Houſhold,	5	6	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due notice. BENJAMIN SIMONS, Com. Gen.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

ARCHIBALD CRAWFORD, of the Province aforeſaid, who is in Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon Meſne Proceſs, at the Suit of James McClenachan, having petitioned the Honourable the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors: IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid James McClenachan, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Benefit of his Petition granted. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, January 3d, 1769.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN GEORGE RIPPLEY, of the Province aforeſaid, who is in Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by Virtue of Two Writs of Capias ad Reſpondendum, One at the Suit of Iſaac Leſeſne, and the other at the Suit of Thomas Shirley, having petitioned the Honourable the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors: IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid Iſaac Leſeſne and Thomas Shirley, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Benefit of his Petition granted. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, January 3d, 1769.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY, at the Printing-Office in Broad-Street.